Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund

2023 Annual Report



Contents

Investment Fund Information	3
Fund Manager's Commentary	6
Fund Performance	8
Fund Expenses	11
Disclosures	12
Annex A: Audited Annual Financial Statements	18



Investment Fund Information

Fund Name

Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund

Benchmark

One month SIBID net of all fees and expenses

Inception Date

Unit Class 'A': March 5, 2020G Unit Class 'B': June 30, 2007G Unit Class 'C': March 5, 2020G

Investment Objective and Policies

To generate competitive market returns from short-term Murabaha based trade transactions that are compliant with Shariah principles. The fund aims to provide capital preservation and easy liquidity to its unit holders.

Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund's assets are invested in diversified low risk trade transactions with counterparties of good reputation and sound financial backing. The average duration of the Fund's portfolio does not exceed one year.

Distribution of Income and Gain Policy

Dividends and/or income are reinvested in the Fund and not paid out or distributed to investors.

Fund Manager

Jadwa Investment Company

A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company (registration no. 1010228782, Licensed by the Capital Market Authority under the license number 37-6034

Head Office: P.O. Box 60677, Riyadh 11555, Saudi Arabia. Phone +966 11 279-1111 Fax +966 11 279-1571

Jadwa Investment Company has been managing the Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund since its inception.

Sub Fund Manager or Investment Advisor (if any)

The fund has no sub fund manager or investment advisor.



Fund Custodian

HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited

A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company (registration no. 1010221555, Licensed by Capital Market Authority under license number 05008-37

Head Office: 7267 Olaya - AlMurooj, Riyadh 12283-2255, Saudi Arabia. Phone +966 920005920 Fax +966 11 299 2385

The custodian performs all mandatory functions as per the Investment Fund Regulations which specifically include taking custody and protecting fund assets on behalf of all unitholders and for taking all required administrative measures in regards to the custody of the fund's assets.

Fund Auditor

KPMG Professional Services (previously known as KPMG Al Fozan & Partners Certified Public Accountants)
Riyadh Front, Airport Road
P.O. BOX 92876
Al Riyadh 11663
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Website: www.kpmg.com

Fund Operator

Jadwa Investment Company

A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company (registration no. 1010228782, Licensed by Capital Market Authority under license number 37-6034

Head Office: P.O.Box 60677, Riyadh 11555, Saudi Arabia. Phone +966 11 279-1111 Fax +966 11 279-1571

Jadwa is acting as the Fund Operator of Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund and is responsible to handle all duties and responsibilities as outlined in the IFR, some of which include maintaining the books and records of the fund, records of all units issued and cancelled as well as the outstanding balance in a unit holding register while ensuring that all guidelines related to record keeping are adhered to.



As of	Net Asset Value	Net	Asset Value pe	er Unit	Number of	Expense
December 31 st		Ending	Highest	Lowest	Units	Ratio (%)
2021						
Unit Class 'A' (SAR)	813,746,273.18	102.5839	102.5968	101.3699	7,932,491.3431	0.29
Unit Class 'B' (SAR)	152,979,924.68	121.3476	121.3636	120.0113	1,260,675.7759	0.38
Unit Class 'C' (USD)	10,040,792.90	10.2082	10.2082	10.1035	983,598.9358	0.33
2022						
Unit Class 'A'	1,002,624,040.93	104.5642	104.5642	102.5852	9,588,597.8517	0.31
Unit Class 'B' (SAR)	377,846,871.47	123.5349	123.5349	121.3467	3,058,623.3630	0.50
Unit Class 'C' (USD)	5,835,128.20	10.3827	10.3827	10.2109	562,004.0297	0.40
2023						
Unit Class 'A' (SAR)	907,071,633.14	109.7638	109.7638	104.5738	8,263,853.4299	0.63
Unit Class 'B' (SAR)	163,826,501.21	129.3177	129.3177	123.5455	1,266,852.9242	0.92
Unit Class 'C' (USD)	11,740,798.41	10.8918	10.8918	10.3815	1,077,949.5766	1.06



Fund Manager's Commentary

The year 2023 witnessed a number of noteworthy events for public markets. Markets saw elevated levels of volatility, continuation of geopolitical tensions around the globe, four US Fed rate hikes, and a banking crisis that wiped out Credit Suisse and a few banks in the US. Despite all of that, global fixed income markets ended the year positively. The year also saw the final stage in phasing out LIBOR after close to 40 years of being the main benchmark for major currencies.

Although The Fed remained unwavering in its effort to combat high inflation levels, market rates and future rate cut expectations saw significant changes during the year, with 2-year US treasury yields reaching a low of 3.77% and high of 5.22%. Despite the swings in yields, the yield curve remained inverted throughout the year, with the 10-year treasury ending the year at 3.88%, below the 2-year treasury at 4.25%.

Global credit markets rallied towards the end of the year and closed the year with positive returns. This trend was seen across different regions. Developed markets credits (IBOxx USD Liquid Investment Grade Index) rose by 9.9%. As was the case with the Emerging markets securities (Bloomberg Emerging Markets Hard Currency Aggregate Index), rising 8.9% during the year. Sukuk, represented by Ideal Ratings Jadwa Global Sukuk Index, rose by 6.5% during the same period. This came a year after one of the worst years for global fixed income markets on record, with the aforementioned indices delivering -17.9%, -15.2%, and -5.4% respectively.

3M SAIBOR, a measure of the Saudi Riyal interbank average borrowing rate, reached its highest level on record in 2023 at 6.38%, with inflationary environment on the global front being a part contributor.

Other factors contributing to the tightness included continued squeeze in local liquidity. Additionally driven by attractive rates available, divergence between M1 and M2 further increased during the year; as time deposits increased by 32% while demand deposits dropped slightly.

For the full years of 2023, the Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund (Class B) delivered a total return of 4.68%, outperforming its benchmark (One month SAIBID net of all fees and expenses) by 0.20%. Since inception, the fund delivered an annualized return of 1.57% and annualized outperformance of 0.43%.

Looking forward, the fund will continue to focus on generating sustainable long-term returns for investors, allocating funds to higher quality counterparties with favorable valuations. The fund will focus on finding opportunities that can offer favorable risk-adjusted returns and manage the current inflationary environment.

For more details on performance, please refer to the Fund Performance section.



Allocation

	% of Net Assets 31-Dec-2022		% of Net Assets 31-Dec-2023
Murabaha & Murabaha Equivalents	98.47%	Murabaha & Murabaha Equivalents	102.78%
Net Cash	1.53%	Net Cash	-2.78%
Total	100.00%	Total	100.00%

Top 3 Exposures

Holding	% of Net Assets 31-Dec-2022	Holding	% of Net Assets 31-Dec-2023
Murabaha	79.40%	Murabaha	102.78%
Mutual Funds	10.90%	Murabaha Funds	-
Sukuk	8.16%	Sukuk	-



Fund Performance

Time-weighted net total returns presented below are computed on the unit price of the fund in any given period.

Class 'A'	1-Year	3-Year	5-Year	Since Inception
Fund	4.97%	8.28%	-	9.76%
Benchmark	4.48%	6.93%	-	7.49%
Fund (annualized)	4.97%	2.69%	-	2.46%
Benchmark (annualized)	4.48%	2.26%	-	1.91%

^{*}Inception: March 5, 2020

Class 'B'	1-Year	3-Year	5-Year	Since Inception
Fund	4.68%	7.76%	12.04%	29.32%
Benchmark	4.48%	6.93%	9.84%	20.49%
Fund (annualized)	4.68%	2.52%	2.30%	1.57%
Benchmark (annualized)	4.48%	2.26%	1.89%	1.14%

^{*}Inception: June 30, 2007

Class 'C'	1-Year	3-Year	5-Year	Since Inception
Fund	4.90%	7.81%	-	8.92%
Benchmark	4.48%	6.93%	-	7.29%
Fund (annualized)	4.90%	2.54%	-	2.38%
Benchmark (annualized)	4.48%	2.26%	-	1.96%

^{*}Inception: May 17, 2020



	Class 'A'	Benchmark	Variance
2020*	1.37%	0.53%	0.85%
2021	1.20%	0.42%	0.78%
2022	1.93%	1.92%	0.01%
2023	4.97%	4.48%	0.50%

^{*}Unit Class A return is from March 5, 2020 till December 31, 2020

	Class 'B'	Benchmark	Variance
2013	0.78%	0.36%	0.42%
2014	0.49%	0.17%	0.32%
2015	0.68%	0.32%	0.36%
2016	2.46%	1.36%	1.10%
2017	1.03%	0.67%	0.36%
2018	1.67%	1.40%	0.27%
2019	2.30%	1.93%	0.37%
2020	1.65%	0.78%	0.86%
2021	1.12%	0.42%	0.70%
2022	1.80%	1.92%	-0.12%
2023	4.68%	4.48%	0.20%



	Class 'C'	Benchmark	Benchmark
2020*	1.03%	0.34%	0.69%
2021	1.04%	0.42%	0.62%
2022	1.71%	1.92%	-0.21%
2023	4.90%	4.48%	0.43%

^{*}Unit Class C return is from May 17, 2020 till December 31, 2020



Fund Expenses

	Expenses for 2023 (SAR)		
	Class "A"	Class "B"	Class "C"
Management Fees	5,897,112.04	1,694,752.23	358,708.64
Fund Board	12,982.17	2,468.96	548.87
Auditing Fees	26,167.19	4,976.49	1,106.32
Custodian's Fees	245,585.61	47,482.19	9,757.66
Legal Expenses	-	-	-
Cost of Sharia-compliant finance (when required)	-	-	-
Registration / Fees of Unit Processing	-	-	-
Other expenses	1,522,096.61	429,979.66	141,968.37
Total	7,703,943.61	2,179,659.54	512,089.85
Total Expenses Ratio	0.63	0.92	1.06

The fund manager may elect to waive or rebate all or part of the subscription fee.



Disclosures

Material Changes

There were no material changes that were implemented in the terms and conditions during 2023. For complete details please refer to the Fund's terms & conditions.

Investment in Other Funds

The Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund invested in the following funds in 2023:

	Management Fee Rate	Management fees rebate SAR
Alpha Murabaha Fund	0.45%	11,700.03
Riyad SAR Diversified Trade Fund	0.50%	0
Riyad USD Diversified Trade Fund	0.50%	0

Fund Manager's Investment in the Fund

The fund manager's investment in the fund as of December 31, 2023 was SAR 190,359,628.25

Percentage of borrowed assets from the total asset value, the period of their exposure period and due date (if any)

The fund does not have any borrowed assets during 2023.

Disclosure related to special commissions

The fund manager may receive (brokerage) research from third parties with whom trades are executed for the fund and client portfolios, which is used in managing investments across such portfolios.

Exercise of Voting Rights

The fund manager did not participate in any general assembly on behalf of the fund.

For additional information please refer to the Terms & Conditions available on www.jadwa.com

Kindly refer to Annex A for auditor statement and financial statements.



Fund Board

Members of the fund's board of directors:

- A) Mr. Ghannam Al-Ghannam (Chairman of the Board)
- B) Dr. Mohammed Sultan Al-Sahli (Independent member)
- C) Dr. Walid Addas (Independent member)
- D) Mr. Amer Afiouni (Member)

There is no conflict or potential conflict of interest between the interests of the fund board members and the interest of the fund.

An overview of the qualifications of the members of the fund's board of directors:

A) Mr. Ghannam Al-Ghannam (Chairman of the Board):

Mr. Ghannam Al-Ghannam is the Head of Private and Institutional Client Investments (PICI) at Jadwa Investment Company. Prior to joining Jadwa, he was a Senior Investment Advisor to major clients at HSBC Saudi Arabia. Mr. El-Ghannam has experience in business development and wealth management, and has a distinguished approach to all sales, services, operations, operational procedures and risk management. He has been involved in organizing fundraising campaigns for various investment companies in private equity, asset management, and products real estate. He is a certified financial planner, and holds a Master's degree in Informatics from Ohio State University, USA, in addition to a Bachelor's degree in Business Administration from the University of Toledo, Ohio, USA.

B) Dr. Mohammed Sultan Al-Sahli (Independent member):

Dr. Muhammad Al-Sahli is the Head of the Accounting Department at King Saud University, a member of the Primary Committee for Zakat and Tax, and Director of the Saudi Accounting Association. Dr. Muhammad Al-Sahli has authored and published many scientific papers. He holds a PhD in Accounting from the University of Melbourne, Australia, in addition to a Master's degree in Accounting from Saint Louis University, USA, and a Bachelor's degree in Accounting from King Saud University.

C) Dr. Walid Addas (Independent member):

Dr. Walid Addas is the Deputy Director of Operations Resources Department for Development Effectiveness at the Islamic Development Bank in Jeddah. Among the previous positions held by Dr. Addas, Head of Program and Portfolio Management at the same bank, and Director of Finance and Administration at the International Energy Forum in Riyadh. He holds a Ph.D. in Economics from the International Islamic University in Malaysia, a Master's degree in Economics from the University of Essex, and a Bachelor's degree in Economics from Middlesex University, UK.

D) Mr. Amer Afiouni (Member):

Mr. Amer Afiouni joined Jadwa Investment in June 2015. His main focus is to drive strategic initiatives to enhance business growth opportunities and build organizational capabilities across the company. He has extensive business strategy and experience in management knowledge gained from serving clients across a variety of industries and functional disciplines. He is an accomplished businessman with an outstanding academic background and international exposure. This is combined with interpersonal skills and a strong team.



Prior to joining Jadwa Investments, Amer held senior positions at McKinsey & Company. He was the managing partner of CDC Systems Middle East and IT consultant at Compagnie General d'Informatique and IBM. Amer holds an MBA from INSEAD in France.

Description of the roles and responsibilities of the Fund Board:

The responsibility of the Fund Board shall include the following:

- A) Approving material contracts, decisions and reports involving the Fund, including, but not limited to, contracts for the provision of Fund management services, contracts for the provision of custody services, excluding contracts entered into pursuant to investment decisions regarding underlying investments made or to be made by the Fund;
- B) Approving a written policy with regard to voting rights related to the Fund's Assets;
- C) Overseeing and, where appropriate, approving or ratifying any conflicts of interest which the Fund Manager has disclosed;
- D) Meeting at least twice annually with the Fund Manager's compliance committee or its compliance officer to review the Fund Manager's compliance with all applicable rules, laws and regulations, including (without limitation) the requirements of the Investment Funds Regulations;
- E) Ensuring the completeness and accuracy of the Terms and Conditions, the Information Memorandum and any other document, contractual or otherwise, that includes disclosures relating to the Fund and the Fund Manager and its management of the Fund and ensuring compliance with the Investment Funds Regulations;
- F) Ensuring that the Fund Manager carries out its obligations in the best interests of Unitholders, in accordance with the Investment Funds Regulations, the Terms and Conditions and the Information Memorandum;
- G) Demonstrating a fiduciary duty to Unitholders, including a duty to act in good faith, a duty to act in the best interests of Unitholders and a duty to exercise all reasonable care and skill; and
- H) Taking minutes of meetings that provide all deliberations and facts of the meetings and the decisions taken by the Fund Board.

Details on the remuneration of fund board members

The Fund shall remunerate members of the Fund Board of Directors for travel expenses and other reasonable expenses incurred with regard to their obligations towards the Fund, provided that such remuneration shall not exceed 0.1% of the Fund's Assets annually.

Remuneration of Fund's independent board members for the services they rendered to the Fund is estimated to reach SAR 30,000 per annum.



All the funds boards that the relevant board member is participating in.

Currently, Board members do not manage any investment fund in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia except for the following:

Fund Name	Ghannam Al Ghannam	Walid Addas	Muhammad Al-Sahli	Amer Afiouni
Jadwa Saudi Equity Fund	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	$\sqrt{}$
Jadwa GCC Equity Fund	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	$\sqrt{}$
Jadwa Arab Markets Equity Fund	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	$\sqrt{}$
Jadwa Global Sukuk Fund	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	$\sqrt{}$
Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	$\sqrt{}$
Jadwa Al-Azizia Real Estate Investment Fund	√	V	-	-
Jadwa REIT Al Haramain Fund	√	-	-	-
Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund	√	-	-	-
Al Dar Investment Fund	√	V	-	-
Al Dar Investment Fund 2	√	V	-	-
Al Nokbah Investment Fund	√	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
Al Shorfah Investment Fund	√	V	-	-
Diriyah Avenue Invesment Fund	√	V	-	-
Jadwa Investment Fund 45	√	-	-	-
Real Estate Growth Fund	√	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
Zood Investment Fund	√	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
Jadwa Private Real Estate Investment Fund 10 Al Majdiah Investment Fund	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
Meem Investment Fund	√	-	-	-
Jadwa Private Real Estate Investment Fund 14 Oud Investment Fund	√	√	-	-
Jadwa Private Real Estate Investment Fund 15	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
Jadwa Private Real Estate Investment Fund 16 Osus Investment Fund	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
Al Olaya Investment Fund	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
Al Narjis Investment Fund	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
Al Sulaiman Investment Fund	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-
Jadwa Al Mqr Investment Fund	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
Jadwa Private Real Estate Investment Fund 22	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
North Views Investment Fund	V	-	-	-
Al Dar Investment Fund 3	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
HomeInvestment Fund	V	-	-	-
Jadwa Private Real Estate Investment Fund 26	√	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
Jadwa Private Real Estate Investment Fund 27	√	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
Jadwa Private Real Estate Investment Fund 28	√	$\sqrt{}$	-	-



Jadwa Private Real Estate Investment Fund 29	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
Jadwa Private Real Estate Investment Fund 30	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
Liwan Investment Fund (1)	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-
Jadwa Investment Fund 12	\checkmark	-	-	-
Jadwa Investment Fund 13	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-
Jadwa Investment Fund 14	\checkmark	ı	-	-
Jadwa Investment Fund 17	√ √	-	-	-
Jadwa Investment Fund 20	V	V	V	-

Topics discussed and issued resolutions, as well as the fund performance and fund achievement of its objectives.

Fund Board Meeting Jadwa Head Office, Riyadh, 15th June 2023:

Discussion Topics

- Approval of minutes of previous fund board meeting held on 22nd December 2022
- Compliance Officer's review of funds' compliance with rules and regulations
- MLRO report on anti-money laundering activities
- Changes to the fund T&Cs including service providers
- Assessment of Fund's Risk Management procedures to ensure they are in line with the Fund Manager's Risk Management Policy and Procedures
- Money Market Funds: stress testing of all risks outlined in T&Cs is to be presented to the Fund Board, at least twice a year
- Annual ratification/approval of the fund auditor, custodian and administrator
- Economic and Market Outlook
- 2023 YTD performance review of Jadwa public funds
- Date of next fund board meeting

Jadwa Head Office, Riyadh, 27th November 2023:

Discussion Topics

- Approval of minutes of previous fund board meeting held on 15th June 2023.
- Compliance Officer's review of funds' compliance with rules and regulations
- MLRO report on anti-money laundering activities
- Annual report that includes all complaints and actions taken to resolve those complaints.
- Changes to the fund T&Cs including service providers



- Annual assessment for each independent member to ensure that their independence status is unaffected
- Annual assessment of performance and quality of services provided by 3rd parties
- Assessment of Fund's Risk Management procedures to ensure they are in line with the Fund Manager's Risk Management Policy and Procedures
- Money Market Funds: stress testing of all risks outlined in T&Cs presented to the Fund Board.
- Economic and Market Outlook
- 2023 YTD performance review of Jadwa public funds
- Annual ratification/approval of the fund auditor, custodian and administrator
- Proposed new fund custodian and administrator
- Fund Board's self-review on number of investment funds supervised
- Date of next fund board meeting

Additional Information to Unitholders

Please refer to the Fund's Terms & Conditions.



Annex A: Audited Annual Financial Statements

JADWA SAUDI RIYAL MURABAHA FUND
An open-ended mutual fund
(MANAGED BY JADWA INVESTMENT COMPANY)
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended 31 December 2023
together with the
Independent Auditor's Report to the Unitholders

An open-ended mutual fund

(MANAGED BY JADWA INVESTMENT COMPANY) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Together with the Independent Auditor's Report to the Unitholders

	PAGES
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 2
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	3
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	4
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (EQUITY) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS	5 - 6
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	7
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	8 - 23



KPMG Professional Services

Riyadh Front, Airport Road P. O. Box 92876 Riyadh 11663 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Commercial Registration No. 1010425494

Headquarters in Riyadh

كي بي إم جي للاستشارات المهنية

والجهة الرياض، طريق المطار صندوق بريد ۹۲۸۷۳ الرياض ۱۱۹۳۳ المملكة العربية السعودية سجل تجاري رقم ۱۱۰۰۴۲۵۶۹۶

المركز الرئيسي في الرياض

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Unitholders of Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund** (the "Fund") managed by Jadwa Investment Company (the "Fund Manager"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, comprising material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the period then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organisation for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards), that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code's requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Fund Manager and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Fund Manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by SOCPA and to comply with the applicable provisions of the Investment Funds Regulations issued by the Capital Market Authority ("CMA"), the Fund's terms and conditions and for such internal control as the Fund Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Fund Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Fund Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, the Fund Board, are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Unitholders of Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. 'Reasonable assurance' is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Fund Manager's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Fund Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Fund Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, then we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit of **Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha (the "Fund").**

Lic No. 46

G.R. 1919426494

TOMG Professional

KPMG Professional Services

Saleh Mohammed S Mostafa

License No: 524

Riyadh, 21 Ramadan 1445H Corresponding to: 31 March 2024

An open-ended mutual fund

(MANAGED BY JADWA INVESTMENT COMPANY) STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2023

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents 7 1,052,115,167 22,422,840 Investments 8 93,820,513 1,380,891,298 Total assets 1,145,935,680 1,403,314,138 LIABILITIES Management fee payable Accrued expenses and other liabilities 486,315 400,558 Redemption payable 29,356,091 - Total liabilities 31,009,552 915,444 Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders (SAR) 1,114,926,128 1,402,398,694
Investments 8 93,820,513 1,380,891,298 Total assets 1,145,935,680 1,403,314,138 LIABILITIES Management fee payable 1(c), 9 1,167,146 514,886 Accrued expenses and other liabilities 486,315 400,558 Redemption payable 29,356,091 - Total liabilities 31,009,552 915,444
Total assets 1,145,935,680 1,403,314,138 LIABILITIES Management fee payable 1(c), 9 1,167,146 514,886 Accrued expenses and other liabilities 486,315 400,558 Redemption payable 29,356,091 - Total liabilities 31,009,552 915,444
LIABILITIES I(c), 9 1,167,146 514,886 Accrued expenses and other liabilities 486,315 400,558 Redemption payable 29,356,091 - Total liabilities 31,009,552 915,444
Management fee payable 1(c), 9 1,167,146 514,886 Accrued expenses and other liabilities 486,315 400,558 Redemption payable 29,356,091 - Total liabilities 31,009,552 915,444
Accrued expenses and other liabilities 486,315 400,558 Redemption payable 29,356,091 - Total liabilities 31,009,552 915,444 1111/02/100 1402,200,604
Redemption payable 29,356,091 - Total liabilities 31,009,552 915,444
Total liabilities 31,009,552 915,444
1114.00(100
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders (SAR) 1,114,926,128 1,402,398,694
Units in issuance (numbers) 8,263,853.43 9,588,597.84 Class B 1,266,853.92 3,058,623.36 Class C 1,077,950.58 562,005.01
Net assets (equity) value attributable to each unit
Class A (SAR) – IFRS 14 109.7638 104.5642
Class B $(SAR) - IFRS$ 123.5349
Class C (USD) - IFRS 14 10.8918 10.3827
Net assets (equity) value attributable to each unit
Class A (SAR) – Dealing 14 109.7638 104.5642
Class B (SAR) – Dealing 14 129.3177 123.5349
Class C (USD) - Dealing 14 10.8918 10.3827

An open-ended mutual fund (MANAGED BY JADWA INVESTMENT COMPANY)

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	<u>Notes</u>	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Special commission income Gain on investments, net Total income	8.2	77,510,770 4,149,387 81,660,157	22,392,997 9,576,171 31,969,168
Management fees Other operating expenses Foreign exchange loss Fund Board fees Total operating expenses	1(c) ,9	(7,950,573) (2,229,395) (199,725) (16,000) (10,395,693)	(3,336,458) (1,440,833) (526,579) (16,000) (5,319,868)
Net profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year		71,264,464	26,649,300
Total comprehensive income for the year		71,264,464	26,649,300

An open-ended mutual fund

(MANAGED BY JADWA INVESTMENT COMPANY)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (EQUITY) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	31 December <u>2023</u>	31 December <u>2022</u>
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders at beginning of the year	1,402,398,694	1,004,423,376
Net profit for the year	71,264,464	26,649,300
Contributions and redemptions by the Unitholders		
Proceeds from issuance of units:		
- Class A	1,682,605,743	1,891,427,683
- Class B	241,784,554	487,444,965
- Class C	85,340,368	20,735,792
	2,009,730,665	2,399,608,440
Payment made against redemptions of units		
- Class A	(1,840,960,144)	(1,759,712,278)
- Class B	(461,971,818)	(231,711,370)
- Class C	(65,535,735)	(36,858,774)
	(2,368,467,695)	(2,028,282,422)
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders at end of the year	1,114,926,128	1,402,398,694

The accompanying notes (1) to (15) form an integral part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (EQUITY) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS (CONTINUED) An open-ended mutual fund (MANAGED BY JADWA INVESTMENT COMPANY)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

		31 December 2023	er 2023			31 December 2022	er 2022	
Units transactions (numbers)								
	Class A	Class B	Class C	Total	Class A	Class B	Class C	Total
Units in issuance at the beginning of the year	9,588,597.84	3,058,623.36	562,005.01	13,209,226.21	7,932,491.25	1,260,675.77	983,598.94	10,176,765.96
Issuance of units during the year	16,185,527.11	1,967,182.71	2,147,207.08	20,299,916.90	19,946,202.33	4,533,009.41	533,359.50	25,012,571.24
Redemption of units during the year	(17,510,271.52)	(3,758,953.15)	(17,510,271.52) (3,758,953.15) (1,631,261.51) (22,900,486.18)	(22,900,486.18)	(18,290,095.74) (2,735,061.82)	(2,735,061.82)	(954,953.43)	(954,953.43) (21,980,110.99)
Units in issuance at the end of the year	8,263,853.43	8,263,853.43 1,266,852.92	1,077,949.58	1,077,949.58 10,608,655.93	9,588,597.84	9,588,597.84 3,058,623.36	562,005.01	13,209,226.21

The accompanying notes (1) to (15) form an integral part of these financial statements

JADWA SAUDI RIYAL MURABAHA FUND An open-ended mutual fund (MANAGED BY JADWA INVESTMENT COMPANY) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	<u>Notes</u>	31 December <u>2023</u>	31 December <u>2022</u>
Cash flows from operating activities Net profit for the year		71,264,464	26,649,300
Adjustments for: Special commission income Gain on investments, net	8.2	(4,149,387) (77,510,770)	(22,392,997) (9,576,171)
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities Purchase of investments at amortized cost Proceeds from maturity of investments at amortized cost Purchase of investments held at FVTPL Proceeds from sale of investments held at FVTPL Management fee payable Accrued expenses and other liabilities Redemption payable Net cash generated from / (used in) operations Special commission income received Net cash generated from / (used) in operating activities		(61,394,496,410) 62,687,313,793 652,260 85,757 29,356,091 1,312,515,798 75,913,559 1,388,429,357	(1,860,795,369) 1,362,797,903 (433,121,918) 551,855,068 20,964 102,187 (384,461,033) 12,889,490 (371,571,543)
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from issuance of units Payments made against redemption of units Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities	-	2,009,730,665 (2,368,467,695) (358,737,030)	2,399,608,440 (2,028,282,422) 371,326,018 (245,525)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	7	1,029,692,327 22,422,840	22,668,365
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	7	1,052,115,167	22,422,840

For the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Rivals)

1. LEGAL STATUS AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

a) Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund (the "Fund") is a trade transactions fund established and managed as per terms and conditions between Jadwa Investment Company (the "Fund Manager") and the Fund investors (the "Unitholders"). The Capital Market Authority's ("CMA") approval for the establishment of the Fund was granted in its letter number 443 dated Jumad Awal 9, 1428 H (corresponding to 26 May 2007). The Fund commenced its operations on 31 December 2007.

The Fund aims to generate market returns from investments in Sukuk, other funds and short-term Murabaha and Wakala based trade transactions that are compliant with Shariah standards approved by the Fund Manager's Shariah Committee.

In dealing with the Unitholders, the Fund Manager considers the Fund as an independent accounting unit. Accordingly, the Fund Manager prepares separate financial statements of the Fund.

The Fund is governed by Investment Fund Regulations (the "Regulations") published by CMA on 3 Dhul Hijja 1427 H (corresponding to 24 December 2006) thereafter amended (the "amended regulations") on 16 Sha'ban 1437 H (corresponding to 23 May 2016) and 17 Rajab 1442 H (corresponding to 1 March 2022), detailing requirements for all funds within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

- b) The management of the Fund is the responsibility of the Fund Manager. However, in accordance with the Fund's terms and conditions, the Fund Manager can delegate or assign its duties to one or more of the financial institutions in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and overseas. The Fund Manager of the Fund is Jadwa Investment Company and administrator and custodian of the Fund is HSBC Saudi Arabia.
- c) The Fund Manager charges the Fund a management fee of 10%, 15%, and 15% of the net appreciation with a maximum cap of annualized 0.50%, 0.75%, and 0.75% of the Fund's asset under management of value of Class A, Class B and Class C units respectively on each valuation day.

The management fee was 15% of the net appreciation with a maximum cap of annualized 0.75% of the Fund's asset under management on each valuation day.

The Fund Manager has the right to collectively charge the Fund all other expenses related to the management of the Fund, including but not limited to audit fee and legal charges subject to limits as set out in the Fund's terms and conditions.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that are as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA") and to comply with the applicable provisions of the Investment Fund Regulations issued by CMA and the Fund's terms and conditions.

3. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention, except for the investments which are carried at fair value using accrual basis of accounting and the going concern concept.

The Fund does not have a clearly identifiable operating cycle and therefore does not present current and non-current assets and liabilities separately in the statement of financial position. Instead, assets and liabilities are presented in order of their liquidity.

4. FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

These financial statements are presented in Saudi Arabian Riyals ("SAR"), which is the Fund's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded to the nearest SAR, unless otherwise indicated.

JADWA SAUDI RIYAL MURABAHA FUND An open-ended mutual fund (MANAGED BY JADWA INVESTMENT COMPANY) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Rivals)

5. USE OF JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. It also requires the Fund Manager to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Such judgements, estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including obtaining professional advice and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

Measurement of the expected credit loss allowance

The measurement of the expected credit loss ("ECL") allowance for financial assets measured at amortised cost is an area that requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behavior.

A number of significant judgments are also required in applying the accounting requirements for measuring ECL, such as:

- determining criteria for significant increase in credit risk;
- choosing appropriate models and assumptions for the measurement of ECL;
- establishing the number and relative weightings of forward-looking scenarios for each type of product / market and the associated ECL; and
- establishing group of similar financial assets for the purposes of measuring ECL.

6. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

a) Special commission income

Special commission income including special commission income from non-derivative financial assets measured at amortised cost, are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income, using effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of financial instrument (or, when appropriate, a shorter period) to the carrying amount of the financial instrument on initial recognition. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates future cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument, but not future credit losses.

b) Foreign currency translation

Transactions in currencies other than functional currencies are translated into SAR at the exchange rate at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translation are included in the statement of comprehensive income. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into SAR at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognized in statement of comprehensive income as net foreign exchange loss, except for those arising on financial instruments at FVTPL which are recognized as a component of net gain from financial instruments at FVTPL.

c) Functional currency

Functional currency' is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates. If indicators of the primary economic environment are mixed, then management uses its judgment to determine the functional currency that most faithfully represents the economic effect of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The majority of the Fund's investments and transactions are denominated in SAR. Investor subscriptions and redemptions are determined based on equity value, and received and paid in SAR. The expenses (including management fees, custodian fees and administration fees) are denominated and paid in SAR. Accordingly, management has determined that the functional currency of the Fund is SAR.

For the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Rivals)

6. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

d) Net gain or loss on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Net gains or losses on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL are changes in the fair value of financial assets and liabilities held for trading or designated upon initial recognition as at FVTPL and exclude interest and dividend income.

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the year and from reversal of the prior year's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments, which were realised in the reporting period. Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified as at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average cost method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount, or cash payments or receipts made on derivative contracts (excluding payments or receipts on collateral margin accounts for such instruments).

e) Provisions

Provisions are recognized whenever there is present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

f) Management fee

Management fee is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income as the related services are performed.

g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise deposits with banks and highly liquid financial assets with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value and are used by the Fund in the management of short-term commitments.

h) Financial assets and liabilities

Classification of financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified and measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

Financial asset at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely
 payments of principal and commission on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")

A financial asset is measured at fair value through FVOCI only if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL.

For the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

6. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

h) Financial assets and liabilities

Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") (continued)

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principle and commission on the principle amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Fund Manager may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost or FVOCI are measure at FVTPL.

Business model assessment

The Fund Manager assesses the objective of a business model in which an asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice.;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Fund Manager;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated- e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value
 of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and its expectations
 about future sales activity. However, information about sales activity is not considered in isolation, but
 as part of an overall assessment of how the Fund's stated objective for managing the financial assets is
 achieved and how cash flows are realized.

The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account. If cash flows after initial recognition are realised in a way that is different from the Fund's original expectations, the Fund does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model, but incorporates such information when assessing newly purchased financial assets going forward.

Financial assets that are held for trading and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL because they are neither held to collect contractual cash flows nor held both to collect contractual cash flows and to sell financial assets.

Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and Commission

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Commission' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and commission, the Fund considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making the assessment, the Fund considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount and timing of cash flows;
- leverage features;
- prepayment and extension terms;
- terms that limit the Fund's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse asset arrangements); and
- features that modify consideration of the time value of money e.g. periodical reset of commission rates.

For the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

6. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

h) Financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Reclassifications

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except in the period after the Fund changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Classification of financial liabilities

The Fund classifies its financial liabilities at amortised cost unless it has designated liabilities at FVTPL.

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial assets at FVTPL are initially recognized on the trade date, which the date on which the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the date on which they are originated.

Financial asset or financial liability is measured initially at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition issue.

Subsequent measurement

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains or losses including any special commission income or dividend income and foreign exchange gains and losses, are recognized in profit or loss in 'net gain / (loss) on investments in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method and is recognized in statement of comprehensive income. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in statement of comprehensive income. The 'amortized cost' of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured on initial recognition minus the principle repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortizing using effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount and, for financial assets, adjusted for any loss allowance.

Derecognition

The Fund derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flow from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Fund neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

On derecognition of the financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset that is derecognised) and the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognized in statement of comprehensive income. Any commission in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Fund is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

The Fund enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized on its statement of financial position but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets or a portion of them. If all or substantially all of the risk and rewards are retained, then the transferred assets are not derecognized.

The Fund derecognize a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund has legally enforceable right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle them liability simultaneously. Income and expenses are presented on a net basis for gain and losses from financial instruments at FVTPL and foreign exchange gains and losses.

For the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

6. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

i) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

When available, the Fund measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted prices in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an on-going basis. The Fund measures instruments quoted in an active market as per the official closing price in the related stock exchange where the instrument is traded.

If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Fund uses valuation techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation

technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

The Fund recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

j) Distributions to the Unitholders

Distribution to the Unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders. An interim dividend is recognized as a liability in the period in which it is irrevocably declared by the Fund Board. A final dividend is recognized as a liability in the period in which it is approved by the Fund Board.

k) Redeemable units

The Fund classified financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments.

The Fund has redeemable units in issue. On liquidation of the Fund, they entitle the holders to the residual net assets. They rank pari passu in all respects and have identical terms and conditions. The redeemable units provide investors with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the investor's share in the Fund net assets at each redemption date and also in the event of the Fund's liquidation.

Redeemable units are classified as equity as it meets all of the following conditions:

- it entitles the holder to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- it is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments;
- all financial instruments in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features;
- the instrument does not include any other features that would require classification as a liability; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the instrument over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in recognized net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognized and unrecognized net assets of the Fund over the life of the instrument.

JADWA SAUDI RIYAL MURABAHA FUND An open-ended mutual fund (MANAGED BY JADWA INVESTMENT COMPANY) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

6. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

l) New IFRS Standards, interpretations and amendments adopted by the Fund

The following new standards, amendments and revisions to existing standards, which were issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) have been effective from 1 January 2023 and accordingly adopted by the Fund, as applicable. However, these did not have any significant impact on the financial statements.

- · Amendment to IAS 12 deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction
- A number of narrow-scope amendments to IAS 1, IAS 8
- Amendments to IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

m) New regulations effective during the year

The Minister of Finance via Ministerial Resolution No. (29791) dated 9 Jumada-al-Awwal 1444 H (corresponding to 3 December 2022) approved the Zakat Rules for Investment Funds permitted by the CMA.

The Rules are effective from 1 January 2023 requiring Investment Funds to register with Zakat, Tax and Customs Authority (ZATCA). The Rules also require the Investment Funds to submit an information declaration to ZATCA within 120 days from the end of their fiscal year, including audited financial statements, records of related party transactions and any other data requested by ZATCA. Under the Rules, Investment Funds are not subject to Zakat provided they do not engage in unstipulated economic or investment activities as per their CMA approved Terms and Conditions. Zakat collection will be applied on the Fund's Unit holders.

During the current year, the Fund Manager has completed the registration of the Fund with ZATCA and will be submitting information declaration in due course.

n) Standards issued but not yet effective

A number of new standards are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2024 and earlier application is permitted; however, the Fund has not early adopted the new or amended standards in preparing these financial statements.

Standards / Interpretation	<u>Description</u>	Effective from periods beginning on or after the following date
Amendments to IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as current or non-current and noncurrent liabilities covenant	1 January 2024
Amendments to IFRS 16	Lease liability in a sale and leaseback transaction	1 January 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7	Supplier finance arrangements	1 January 2024
Amendments to IAS 21	Lack of exchangeability	1 January 2024
Amendments to IFRS	Sales or contribution of assets between	Available for optional
10 and IAS 28	investors and its associates or joint venture	adoption / effective date
		deferred indefinitely

JADWA SAUDI RIYAL MURABAHA FUND An open-ended mutual fund ANAGED RV JADWA INVESTMENT COMPANY

(MANAGED BY JADWA INVESTMENT COMPANY) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

7. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

It represents balances held with local banks that have short-term and long-term ratings ranging from 'F-1+' to 'F2' and 'BBB+' to 'AA-', respectively.

8. INVESTMENTS

	<u>Notes</u>	31 December <u>2023</u>	31 December <u>2022</u>
Investment measured at FVTPL:			
- Sukuk			16,203,191
- Units of open-ended mutual funds			152,904,617
			169,107,808
Investment measured at amortized cost:			
- Murabaha placements	8.1	91,117,087	1,113,526,275
- Wakala placements			97,151,000
- Accrued special commission income		2,703,426	1,106,215
		93,820,513	1,211,783,490
Total		93,820,513	1,380,891,298

- 8.1 These represents Murabaha placements with GCC financial institutions. These placements have original maturities of more than three months and carry annual profit rates ranging from 5.50% to 7.10% per annum (2022: 1.45% to 5.99% per annum). As at 31 December 2023, these placements included an accrued profit of SAR 16.18 million (31 December 2022: SAR 14.3 million).
- 8.2 Below are the details of gain / (loss) on investments:

	31 December	31 December
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Realized gain on investments at FVTPL, net	4,149,387	10,260,801
Unrealized loss on investments at FVTPL, net		(684,630)
	4,149,387	9,576,171

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The Fund Manager

Jadwa Investment

Company

The related parties of the Fund include the Fund Manager, the Fund Board and other funds managed by the Fund Manager. In the ordinary course of its activities, the Fund transacts business with the Fund Manager.

In addition to transactions disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Fund entered into the following transactions with related parties during the year. These transactions were carried out on the basis of approved terms and conditions of the Fund.

Related party	Nature of relationship	Nature of transactions	31 December 2023	31 December 2022		
Jadwa Investment Company	The Fund Manager	Management fee	7,950,573	3,336,458		
The Fund Board	The Fund Board	The Fund Board fee (independent member)	16,000	16,000		
Balances arising from above transactions with related parties are as follows:						
Related party	Nature of relationship	Nature of balance	31 December 2023	31 December 2022		

Management fee

1,167,146

514,886

For the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

10. CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The table below sets out the classification of the carrying amounts of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities into categories of financial instruments:

	Amortized	
31 December 2023	cost	FVTPL
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,052,115,167	
Investments	93,820,513	
Total financial assets	1,145,935,680	
Financial liabilities		
Management fee payable	1,167,146	
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	486,315	
Redemption Payable	29,356,091	
Total financial liabilities	31,009,552	
31 December 2022	Amortized cost	FVTPL
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	22,422,840	
Investments	1,211783,490	169,107,808
Total financial assets	1,234,206,330	169,107,808
Financial liabilities		
Management fee payable	514,886	
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	400,558	
Total financial liabilities	915,444	
1 Otal Illiancial Havillucs	913,444	

11. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund has exposure to the following risks from financial instruments:

- a) market risk;
- b) credit risk;
- c) liquidity risk; and
- d) operational risk.

The Fund primarily aims to invest in a diversified portfolio consisting of short term money market instruments bank Murabaha and Wakala placements in local and international markets. The nature and extent of the financial instruments outstanding at the statement of financial position date and the risk management policies employed by the Fund are discussed below.

The Fund Manager has been given discretionary authority to manage the assets in line with the Fund's investment objectives. Compliance with target asset allocations as per the terms and conditions is monitored by the portfolio management team on a regular basis.

The Fund uses different methods to measure and manage the various types of risk to which it is exposed; these methods are explained below.

a) Market risk

'Market Risk' is the risk that changes in market prices – such as commission rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices—will affect the Fund's income or the fair value of its holdings in financial instruments.

The Fund's strategy for the management of market risk is driven by the Fund's investment objective as per the Fund's terms and conditions.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

11. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

a) Market risk (continued)

The Fund's market risk is managed by the Fund Manager in accordance with the policies and procedures in place. The Fund's market positions are monitored on a daily basis by the portfolio manager.

i) Foreign currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument may fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rates.

The Fund invests in financial instruments and enters into transactions that are denominated in currencies other than its functional currency, primarily in United States Dollar (USD), Omani Riyal (OMR) and Bahraini Dinar (BHD). Consequently, the Fund is exposed to risk that the exchange rate of its currency relative to other foreign currencies may change in a manner that has an adverse effect on the fair value or future cash flows of the Fund's financial assets or financial liabilities denominated in currencies other than SAR.

The Fund's currency risk is managed on a timely basis by the Fund Manager in accordance with the policies and procedures in place. The Fund's currency positions and exposures are monitored on a daily basis by the Fund Manager.

The table below summarizes the Fund's assets and liabilities, which are denominated in currencies other than the SAR.

Exposure

At the reporting date, the carrying amount of the Fund's net financial assets and financial liabilities held in individual foreign currencies, expressed in SAR and as a percentage of its net assets (equity), are as follows:

	31 December 2023		31 December 2022	
		% of net		% of net
Currency	SAR	assets (equity)	SAR	assets (equity)
Bahraini Dinar (BHD)	41,992,512	3.7663	139,626,548	9.96
United States Dollar (USD)	28,045	0.0025	20,140,141	1.44
Omani Riyal (OMR)	4,870	0.0004		
	42,025,428	3.7693	159,766,689	11.40

Sensitivity analysis

The table below sets out the decrease in net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders in case currencies other than the functional currency i.e. USD and BAH weaken by 0.50% relative to SAR. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular commission rates, remain constant.

Effect in amounts of SAR (decrease)

Currency	31 December <u>2023</u>	31 December <u>2022</u>
Bahraini Dinar (BHD)	(209,963)	(698,133)
United States Dollar (USD)	(140)	(100,701)
Omani Riyal (OMR)	(24)	
	(210,127)	(798,834)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

11. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

a) Market risk (continued)

Effect in % of net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders (decrease)

Currency	31 December <u>2023</u>	31 December <u>2022</u>
Bahraini Dinar (BHD)	-0.018%	-0.05%
United States Dollar (USD)	-0.000013%	-0.01%
Omani Riyal (OMR)	-0.000002%	
	0.018847%	-0.06%

Strengthening of currencies other than the functional currency i.e. USD, OMR and BAH relative to SAR will result in an equal but opposite effect on the net assets (equity) attribute to the Unitholders.

ii) <u>Commission rate risk</u>

Commission rate risk arises from the possibility that the changes in commission rates will affect either the fair values or the future cash flows of financial instruments. The Fund held variable commission securities (sukuk) that exposes that the Fund to cash flow commission rate risk.

The Fund's commission rate risk is monitored on a daily basis by the portfolio management team. If the commission rate risk is not in accordance with the Fund's terms and conditions, the Investment Manager is required to rebalance the portfolio within a reasonable period of time of each determination of such occurrence.

Sensitivity analysis

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders to a reasonably possible decrease of 100 basis points in commission rate, with all other variables held constant. The sensitivity of the net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders is the effect of the assumed changes in special commission rates on the Fund's net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders for one year, based on the floating rate financial assets held as at the year-end.

Effect in amounts of SAR (decrease)

	31 December <u>2023</u>	31 December <u>2022</u>
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders (reduction)		(162,032)
Effect in % of net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders (decrea	use)	
	31 December <u>2023</u> %	31 December <u>2022</u> %
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unitholders (reduction)		(0.01)
A		

An increase in commission rates of the same amount would have resulted in an opposite effect to the amounts shown.

iii) Other price risk

Other price risk' is the risk that the fair value of the financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from commission rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by

For the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

11. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

a) Market risk (continued)

factors specific to an individual investment or its issuer or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

The Fund's policy is to manage price risk through diversification and selection of securities and other financial instruments within specified limits set by the Fund's terms and conditions. A summary analysis of investments by nature is presented below. All of the Fund's securities are tradeable and overall market position is monitored on a daily basis by the Fund Manager, and it is reviewed on weekly basis by the portfolio management team. As the year end, the fund is not exposed to any price risk as the Fund does not have any investment unit of mutual funds.

Exposure

The Fund Manager monitors the concentration risk for investments based on counterparties. The Fund's investments are concentrated in the following counterparties.

	31 December 2023		
Name of investee / security	Cost	Fair value	% of Fair value of open-ended mutual fund investments
Alpha Murabaha Fund			
Riyad SAR Diversified Trade Fund			
Total			
	3	1 December 2022	
			% of Fair value of open-ended mutual fund
Name of investee / security	Cost	Fair value	investments
Alpha Murabaha Fund	79,058,785	205,567,027	53.26
Riyad SAR Diversified Trade Fund	69,551,373	173,632,029	46.74
Total	148,610,158	152,904,617	100.00

b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Fund, resulting in a financial loss to the Fund. It arises principally from Murabaha placements held and cash and cash equivalents. For risk management reporting purposes, the Fund considers and aggregates all elements of credit risk exposure such as individual obligor default risk, counter party risk and sector risk etc. The Fund's policy over credit risk is to minimize its exposure to counterparties with perceived higher risk of default by dealing only with counterparties that meet the certain credit standards.

The Fund's credit risk is monitored on a regular basis by portfolio management team to ensure it is in line with the investment guidelines of the Fund.

JADWA SAUDI RIYAL MURABAHA FUND An open-ended mutual fund (MANAGED BY JADWA INVESTMENT COMPANY) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

11. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

b) Credit risk (continued)

The table below shows the maximum exposure to credit risk for the component of the statement of financial position:

	31 December <u>2023</u>	31 December <u>2022</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	1,052,115,167 93,820,513	22,422,840 1,227,986,681
Total exposure to credit risk	1,145,935,680	1,250,409,521

The Fund does not have a formal internal grading mechanism. Credit risk is managed and controlled by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific counterparties and continually assessing the creditworthiness of counterparties. Credit risks are generally managed on the basis of external credit ratings of the counterparties. Cash and cash equivalents are maintained with local banks that have credit ratings, as disclosed in Note 7. The Fund considers these to have low credit risk. Accordingly, the expected credit loss allowance has no material impact on these balances.

Allowance for impairment

The Fund has investments in Murabaha placements which are measured at amortised cost and the impact of ECL is not material to the financial statements since investments are with counter parties having credit rating ranges from 'BB+' to 'A-' by Fitch Ratings. Hence, no impairment allowance is recorded in these financial statements.

c) Liquidity risk

'Liquidity risk' is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

The Fund's policy and the Fund Manager's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stress conditions, including estimated redemptions of units, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation. The Fund's terms and conditions provide for subscription and redemption of units on every Saudi business day and it is, therefore, exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting the Unitholder redemptions on these days. The Fund's financial liabilities primarily consist of payables which are expected to be settled within one month from the statement of financial position date.

The Fund Manager monitors liquidity requirements by ensuring that sufficient funds are available to meet any commitments as they arise, either through new subscriptions and / or liquidation of the investment portfolio. The Fund's investments are in short-term deposits with local banks and short term deposits which are considered to be readily realizable.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

11. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The contractual maturity profile of the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Fund is as follows:

	Within 12 months	After 12 months	No fixed maturity	Total
As at 31 December 2023				
Cash and cash equivalents			1,052,115,167	1,052,115,167
Investments measured at amortized cost	93,820,513			93,820,513
Total financial assets	93,820,513		1,052,115,167	1,145,935,680
Management fee payable Accrued expenses and other current	1,167,146			1,167,146
liabilities	486,315			486,315
Redemption payable	29,356,091			29,356,091
Total financial liabilities	31,009,552			31,009,552
	Within	After	No fixed	
	12 months	12 months	maturity	Total
As at 31 December 2022				
Cash and cash equivalents			22,422,840	22,422,840
Investments measured at FVTPL	16,203,191		152,904,617	169,107,808
Investments measured at amortised cost	1,211,783,490			1,211,783,490
Total financial assets	1,227,986,681		175,327,457	1,403,314,138
Management fee payable	514,886			514,886
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	400,558			400,558
Total financial liabilities	915,444			915,444

d) Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a variety of causes associated with the processes, technology and infrastructure supporting the Fund's activities either internally or externally at the Fund's service provider and from external factors other than credit, liquidity, currency and market risks such as those arising from the legal and regulatory requirements. The Fund's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation with achieving its investment objective of generating returns to unitholders.

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of control over operational risks rests with the risk management team. This responsibility is supported by the development of overall standard for the management of operational risk, which encompasses the controls and processes at the service providers and the establishment of service levels with the service providers, in the following areas:

- documentation of controls and procedures:
- requirements for:
 - appropriate segregation of duties between various functions, roles and responsibilities;
 - · reconciliation and monitoring of transactions; and
 - periodic assessment of operational risks faced,
- the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified;
- compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements;
- development of contingency plans;
- training and professional development;
- ethical and business standards; and
- risk mitigation, including insurance if this is effective.

For the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Fund measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

Level 1: Inputs that are quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical instruments.

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The Fund values investments in the unlisted open-ended mutual fund is determined using unadjusted net assets (equity) value (Level 2 valuation). The unadjusted net assets (equity) value is used when the units in a fund are redeemable at the reportable net assets (equity) value at, or appropriately at, the measurement date.

The Fund determined fair value of securities that are traded on stock exchange at their last reported prices. To the extent that securities are actively traded and valuation adjustments are not applied, they are categorized in level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

The Fund determined fair value of investments in open-ended mutual funds measured at FVTPL using unadjusted net assets value. Moreover, the fair value of investments in unlisted sukuk measured at FVTPL is determined based on the similar security external price. Therefore, the Fund classified them as level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Carrying amounts and fair value

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at fair value at the reporting date by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorized. The amounts are based on the values recognized in the statement of financial position. All fair value measurements below are recurring.

		31	December 2023		
	Fair value				
Financial assets at fair value	Carrying amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Murabaha placements	93,820,513		93,820,513	-	93,820,513
Total	93,820,513		93,820,513		93,820,513
		31	December 2022		
			Fair v	alue	
Financial assets at fair value	Carrying amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investments Sukuk	16,203,191		16,203,191		16,203,191
Units of open-ended mutual funds Murabaha and Wakala	152,904,617		152,904,617		152,904,617
placements	1,210,677,275		1,210,677,275		1,210,677,275
Total	1,379,785,083		1,379,785,083		1,379,785,083

JADWA SAUDI RIYAL MURABAHA FUND An open-ended mutual fund (MANAGED BY JADWA INVESTMENT COMPANY) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Rivals)

12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

During the year, there were no transfers between the fair value hierarchy.

Other financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalents, accrued special commission income, management fees payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities are short-term financial assets and financial liabilities whose carrying amounts are approximate to their fair value due to their short-term nature. Cash and cash equivalents are classified under level 1, while the remaining financial assets and liabilities are classified under level 3.

13. EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

There is no event subsequent to the statement of financial position date which require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statement or notes thereto.

14. LAST VALUATION DAY

The Capital Market Authority (CMA), through its circular dated 10 Rabi Al Thani 1439H (corresponding to 28 December 2017), has approved the Dual NAV approach for investment funds. In accordance with the circular, IFRS 9 will be applied for accounting and reporting purposes and dealing NAV will remain unaffected until further notice.

The last valuation day of the year was 31 December 2023 (2022: 31 December 2022) and in lieu of the above circular from CMA, the dealing net assets (equity) values on this day were Class A: SR 109.7638 per unit, Class B: SR 129.3177 per unit and Class C: USD 10.8918 per unit (31 December 2022: Class A: SR 104.5642 per unit, Class B: SAR 123.5349 per unit and Class C: USD 10.3827 per unit). The IFRS net assets (equity) values per unit on 31 December 2023 were: Class A: SR 109.7638 per unit, Class B: SR 129.3177 per unit and Class C: USD 10.8918 (31 December 2022: Class A: SR 104.5462 per unit, Class B: SAR 123.5349 per unit and Class C: USD 10.3827 per unit). Net assets (equity) per unit as per IFRS and dealing net assets (equity) value per unit remained the same due to immaterial ECL provisions under IFRS 9.

15. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Fund Board on 18 Ramadan 1445H (corresponding to 28 March 2024).